OLD ENGLAND:
OR,
The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1752. [Nº. 112.

Men and Beetles the same Optics share. SAT.

RELIGION and Politics seem both waning into Old Age and Infirmity. The Beginning of this Century they were both vigorous, if not young; but, without the speedy Assistance of some happy restoring Alteratives be called in, a Man need not be more than Man to foresee the Consequence: It would be Common Sense, not Prediction, to pronounce, they can never live to see the End of this, much less the Beginning of another, Century.

The Epocha of *British* Glory, revived, commenced in the Reign of the Queen; &, which is mortifying to an *Englishman*, ended in it too. It was then, Religion and Politics went hand in hand. We did not humble the Grand Monarch more for his unbounded Ambition than for his unparalled Persecutions: If the Protestants of *France* bled, the Arms of *Britain* revenged them; if they were exiled, *Britain* was the Asylum. But that short Period of our History, which contains so many illustrious Actions, which shews us *Blenheim*, *Ramillies*, *Oudenarde*, &c. is like a fine Day in a long severe Winter, the Remembrance of which is almost effaced by Length of Time and various Rigors of the succeeding Season.

Party, ever the Bane of Government, screened *France* & injured *England*. That ridiculous Balance of Power, to maintain which we are at this Juncture so solicitously lavishing away our Time and Treasure, would not, imaginary as it is, have existed, had not the Peace of *Utrecht* averted the Enjoyment of those Blessings the War had given us so near a Prospect of. Had *France* been subdued by the Allies, her States and Liberty might have been restored, her *Huguenots* might in Peace have enjoyed their Religion, and from an offensive absolute Monarchy *Europe* might have beheld *France* a flourishing Commonwealth, more intent to preserve domestic Liberty than in pushing foreign Conquests. She would then have interested herself to maintain, as she has since to crush, the universal Privilege of Humanity, that glorious Equality blended with that rational Subordination which only can render Men useful and agreeable to one another.

If this was the Design of *Anne*'s Whig-Ministry, whose successful Administration had enabled the Execution of it, the Tories are left without Excuse for preventing it. Every consequential Expence of Men or Money, the Power and Ambition of *France* have since occasioned us, or may hereafter occasion, will be imputed to them.

But why must the poor Tories suffer this heavy Imputation? Supposing they had adopted the System of the preceding Ministry, and in conjunction with the Allies, had made a Conquest of *France*, could they have settled the Kingdom upon its antient Establishment without the Concurrence of their Allies? Tho' the Interest of *England* required that the Freedom and Independence of *France* should be restored, might not the Ambition of the Allies very probably have prevented such a Re-establishment? And could the unassisted Power of *Great Britain* force it? Then how would the Interest of *England* be served by the Conquest of *France*? Would it be more than transferring the universal Scepter from the Hand of one Tyrant to that of another, from the *French* Monarch to the Imperial?—The *Tories* no doubt acted upon Principles of Moderation and Equity, but the *Whigs* upon those of Liberty and Glory. The one meant well, but the other judged better; and, divested of their Foibles, they are equally to be admired and loved.

It must be confessed, that if the *Tories* did not then behave as well as could have been wished, the *Whigs* have since behaved worse than could have been expected. If the first were blind to the vast Benefits that might have accrued to this Nation by the Reduction of *France* in Q. *Anne*'s Time, the last have been seen groping in the same Gloom in a later Reign. What can be inferred from these reciprocal Weaknesses, but the Fallibility of human Nature, the Futility of human Wisdom?

As Men are grown weaker, so are their Intellects. Because the glorious *Whigs* of *Ann*'s Reign fought against *France*, and were profuse of their Blood and Treasure to crush absolute Dominion, their Successors in this have done the same without the same Motives. Absolute Monarchy is as impossible now as it was feasible then. A formidable Power hath since that Time arose in *Europe*, whose natural Situation directs it to counterpoise that Balance of Power which therefore is, or ought to be, no farther Object of our Solicitude and Wealth. What *England* was in the Balance against *Louis Quatorze*, *Prussia* might be against his Successor.

There seem to be such Solecisms in the present Conduct of public Affairs, as our political Grammarians can neither understand or rectify. We are bribing Electors to keep firm to their own Interests, we are menacing those we cannot hurt, we are foisting Claims by Negociation which can only be decided by Law of Arms, and to what End?---- To elect a King of the *Romans!* --- A Concern as nearly connected with the Affairs of these Kingdoms as the Succession to the Empire of *Morocco:* And yet by the Anxiety shewn by our treble skull'd Politicians to compass this Election, one might be induced to think we wanted an Heir-apparent ourselves, and that this *Roman* King elect was to be, *in futuro*, King of *Great Britain* itself!

Thus Things appear in the Eyes of Common Sense. But to be sure there may be some Mistery in the Case, which nothing but Metaphysics or Sorcery can explain; and vulgar Apprehensions should not be too positive in Conclusion. Some grand Event of our Negociations may, before we are aware, startle us into Admiration of the profound Negociators; and we can then only excuse ourselves, as others may now perhaps, by pleading Ignorance:

Ignorans facinus pecco sciente minùs.

Insufficient as common Understandings may be in the Elucidation of occult Causes, they are not the quieter for being unequal. People will have it, that the King of *Prussia* is as worthy of the Imperial Diadem, and as well able to maintain it, as any Prince in the Empire. They argue, that the superior Capacity of that King renders him a Match to the House of *Austria*; and that it would better become a Protestant Elector and a King of *Great Britain* to promote the Election of a Protestant Emperor than that of a Papal one. But there never was a Protestant Emperor:——And is that a Rule there never shall be? Is not a Protestant as far from being a *Mahometan* as a Papist, and as capable of maintaining *Christianity?* But there is a Majority of Catholic Electors. Very true;——but the same Bribes which can buy a Vote for one Prince can buy it for another: Religion is out of the Question where Interest prevails.---These are the Pro-and-con Arguments People use upon the important Thesis of electing a King of the *Romans*.

For my Part, I must acknowlege I should admire the Uniformity of Conduct in a Protestant King and Elector, who should bestow his Vote according to his Religion; because it would silence certain Sceptics, who pretend to doubt the Reality of that Religion. Besides, it is hard to say, why the *Evangelic Body* have not in their Turn as great a Right as the *Catholics*, to have an Emperor of their own Persuasion. The Constitution of the Empire does not forbid it; and nothing but Custom, which being arbitrary ought therefore to be abolished, makes against it,——except indeed his Holiness, who, for any Service he does to Religion by his infallible Power, or for any Benefit he reaps from it himself, had better resign what renders him every where contemptible, his pretended Supremacy over temporal Princes in ecclesiastical Matters. The present Pope, if we may credit Fame, is not the most unlikely Man in the World to demonstrate such a Self-Denial, if Occasion were.

For another Reason not yet mentioned, I could wish to see our Ministers promoting the Election of the King of *Prussia* to the Succession of the Imperial Dignity, instead of that of the infant Archduke. The House of *Austria* have possessed this Honor too long not to think it hereditary. It has met but one Interruption these 200 Years, and that a very short one in the last Emperor. Those who think a long Possession a Recommendation to render it longer, may enjoy their Notions: But long Possession we know can turn Grace into Right, Election into Patrimony, and may in time destroy what it was meant to preserve. When Liberty is at stake, the Electors, especially the Protestant, would but do their Duty to relieve her, and banish the Probability of that Usurpation they ought to dread.

To promote such an Election as this, instead of setting up ridiculous Claims, would *almost* excuse a *British* Administration for intermedling in the Affairs of *Germany*. But what can extenuate the Folly of those *Englishmen* who lavish away the Treasures of their Fellow-subjects to maintain *foreign Religion* as well as *foreign Interests*, no one, without Talents of the *Second-sighted* kind, will pretend to devise.

2043

LONDON.

Yeſterday being the birth-day of her royal highneſs the princeſs Auguſta, eldeſt daughter of the late prince of Wales, when her royal highneſs entered into the 16th year of her age, and received the compliments of the nobility & gentry on the occaſion.

Her royal highneſs the princeſs Amelia ſets out for Bath on Thurſday next, orders being given by his majeſty's board of green cloth to make the proper preparations for her highneſs's journey by that time; and guards are alſo accordingly ordered to eſcort her highneſs on the road.

The right hon, the lord chancellor has appointed the firſt general ſeal to be held at Lincoln's-inn hall, before michaelmas term on Monday the 23d of October next.

And the ſecond general ſeal to be held on Thurſday the 2d of November next.

The lords of the admiralty have ordered about 400 ſeamen out of the guardſhips, &c. on board the Culloden and Duke man of war, in order to forward them for ſervice.

The lords of the admiralty have given orders for a ſloop of war to cruize on the coaſt of Suſſex againſt the ſmugglers, in concert with one already on that coaſt.

A conſiderable quantity of military ſtores, &c. are ordered for the Eaſt Indies, for the ſecurity of the company's ſettlements there.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight Mr. ſheriff Dickenſon very narrowly eſcaped being killed, as he was going with the lord mayor and court of aldermen to hold a court of conſervancy at Greenwich. The lord mayor's coach with ſix or ſeven more had croſſed the road at Stratford to go down to the water ſide; & as Mr. Dickenſon's chariot was croſſing, two waggons coming to London (although the ſheriff's coachman cali'd out to the drivers ſeveral times to ſtop) jammed the chariot between them, and broke the axle tree and pole; but happily neither the ſheriff, nor any of his ſervants, received any hurt. We hear that Mr. Dickenſon is reſolved to proſecute the drivers for the aſſault, & the maſter of one of them for not having his name on the waggon, which by law he ſhould have.

We hear that the woman whoſe ſkull was broke by a blow given her by her husband, as mentioned in a former paper, notwithſtanding all poſſible care was taken of her at the London hoſpital, died laſt Tueſday afternoon.

A woman who lodged in windmill ſtreet, St. James's, had been for ſome time ſuppoſed, by another woman who lay with her, to be with child, which ſhe always denied; but laſt week, as ſhe was very much out of order, it was ſtrongly ſuſpected that ſhe had been delivered, tho' there was no appearance of the child; and as there was ſomething which ſeemed to be an after birth taken out of the neceſſary houſe, her delivery was no longer queſtioned, & a conſtable was ſent for to ſearch for the child. As the cruel mother was then ſenſible that ſhe muſt be detected, ſhe confeſſed where ſhe had put it, and it was accordingly found concealed in two band boxes, one within another, but without any marks of violence. Yeſterday ſe'nnight the coroner's inqueſt ſat on the body & brought in their verdict willful murder. The mother was ſent to the St. James's Infirmary, till ſhe is in a condition to be ſent to Jail.

Some days ago died at Feverſham in Kent, Mr. Hunt, the perſon who ſeized king James the ſecond, when he was going from the above place for France. Mr. Hunt was at that time a king's officer, and went on board the veſſel to ſearch after contraband goods, and finding ſome perſons on board who endeavoured to conceal themſelves, he ſeized them and ſearched all their pockets, and brought them from on board the veſſel to the town without knowing one of the company; but was greatly ſurprized and frightned, when he found who were his priſoners.

On Saturday laſt Merrick Burrell, Eſq; member of parliament for Great Marlow, and another gentleman, in a chariot, were attacked by a ſingle highwayman on Hounſlow Heath, who robbed them of about 50s. He was a ſhort man, well mounted, behaved very civilly & trembled very much.

On Tueſday laſt ſomebody found means to ſtep into the compting houſe of Mr. Harris, cornfactor, in Savage-garden, and take a key off a bunch which belonged to a beaufet up ſtairs, where the plate ſtood, which they carried off undiſcovered. The maid was below in the kitchin, & heard ſomebody go up ſtairs, but concluded it was one of the family.

Wedneſday afternoon, a ſoldier of the third regiment of foot guards, was committed to the Gatehouſe by Thomas Lediard, Eſq; for raviſhing his landlady's daughter, a child between eight and nine years old, and giving her the foul diſeaſe.

On Monday night about ten o'clock, a villain went into the baptiſt head the corner of Aldermanbury, & ſnatched from the bar a quart ſilver tankard with which he got clear off.

On Monday evening a gentleman ſharper went to the houſe of one Mrs. Wiggs, in chapel ſtreet St. Anne's, and made enquiry after a French gentlewoman, who lodged there, and told her ſervant that he had brought a meſſage from France, but he would not deliver it to any but her miſtreſs; ſhe went to call her miſtreſs, in the mean while he found means to take a gold watch, and made off before her return.

On Tueſday night a woman was taken in Wood's Cloſe, & ſecured in Clerkenwell bridewell, on ſuſpicion of being concerned in robbing the Staffordſhire pack horſes.

Laſt Saturday the aſſizes ended at guildford for the county of Surry, when Robert Lane, for horſe-ſtealing, was the only one capitally convicted, & received ſentence of death.

Early on Wedneſday morning the priſoners at the Gatehouſe endeavoured to eſcape by breaking thro' the gateway going into Tothill ſtreet; they had worked out a large ſtone, when a man coming thro' the gate, ſaw the rubbiſh fall, and ſuſpecting the occaſion, alarm'd the keepers; however they refuſed to ſubmit, 'till a guard of ſoldiers were ſent for; and Thomas Lediard, Eſq; going with them, they were all ſecured, and eight of them were ſent ſtrongly guarded to Newgate.

Laſt week a large cheſt was ſeized at Sunderland by a cuſtom houſe officer, containing pontifical veſtments, Agnus Dei, Medals, &c. which are ſtopt till the hon. commiſſioners determine what is to be done with them.

Laſt Sunday evening 18 children, two of which were Twins, were publicly baptized in the chapel room of the city of London Lying-in hoſpital, at Shaftesbury houſe in Aldgate-ſtreet, in the preſence of ſeveral governors and other gentlemen and ladies, when a handſome collection was made towards the ſuppo t of that uſeful charity.

Laſt Week one Mr. Cameron arrived in town from Air in Scotland, a Man of 105 years of age, being born in the year 1647, at the town of Air. He came up here to put an end to a law ſuit which has been long in agitation. Such is his vigor and bodily ſtrength, that even now he can walk four miles upon a ſtretch, with great eaſe, in little more than an hour's time. He was engaged with the duke of Monmouth, in his rebellion againſt James the IId. He afterwards ſerved as a voluntier in the cameronian regiment, which was compoſed of covenanted presbyterians, & fought againſt lord Dundee at the time of the revolution, where the lord risked a battle for the abdicated monarch, and in this engagement he killed four troopers with his own hand, He has liv'd to ſee eight ſovereigns upon the Britiſh throne, and four rebellions; in all which, except the laſt, he was active, & is ſtill ſtedfaſt to the preſent eſtabliſhment.

By letters from Hanover we find, that the court is firmly reſolved to maintain its right to the principality of Eaſt Frieſland, by all ſuch methods as may be found moſt convenient or legal.

By ſeveral perſons who have lately come from India, we are informed that M. Duplieux, is building a palace there, which will coſt a million ſterling; and ſeems as if he had no intent to viſit his native country, having amaſſed ſeveral millions ſince his being in India.

Our Correſpondent at Paris aſſures us, That the king will receive no farther remonſtrances while he is at Compeigne; that the miniſters are much alarmed at the retreat of many thouſands of families out of Languedoc, & have ordered guads to be poſted on the frontiers; & that it is whiſpered the new miniſter ſent to Berlin is charged with a very important commiſſion.

We have advice from Paris of the failure of a very great Banker of that city; which may effect many people in Europe.

By many private letters by the laſt French mail, there is advice, that the ſmall pox, with which the dauphin of France was attacked, was a very bad ſort, and that his life was thought to be in danger.

Letters from Bruſſels ſay, that the Britiſh court made repreſentations about the late ordinance which forbids the importation and ſale of foreign hats in the Auſtrian Netherlands, & that they expect the French court will ſpeedily do the ſame; but they don't tell us whether the court of Bruſſels will comply with their demands.

From Petersburgh we hear, that M. Swart, the Dutch envoy extraordinary, has lately had ſeveral conferences with the board of trade, about facilitating the commerce of timber carried on in the ports of the Ruſſian empire, by the ſubjects of the United Provinces. Upon the repreſentation of the magiſtrates of the ſea ports, the empreſs has ordered the Seamen regiſtered for the ſervice of her navy, to be quartered in a method leſs burthenſome to the public.

Letters from Genoa, by the way of Scaffhauſen, inform us of the concluſion of a new treaty between the crown of France & that Republic, but are quite ſilent as to the nature of it; ſo that it may relate to the ſale of Corſica, for aught we to know to the contrary.

On Tueſday a great match at cricket was played at Streatuam, between 11 gentlemen of that place, and eleven of Wandſworth, for a conſiderable ſum of money, which was won by the former, who had three hands to go in.

From the Paris A-la-main, July 28.

The parliament, by an arret of the 22d, has ſuppreſſed three writings, the firſt entitled, "A petition of the ſub farmers of the king's dominions, for demanding that the certificates of confeſſion ſhould be ſubject to controul." The ſecond, "A letter to the biſhop of ——, upon the affair of the parliament, in relation to the refuſal of the ſacraments." And the third, "An anſwer to the letter of the archbiſhop of —— to Mr. —— counſellor in parliament." The firſt of which was ſentenced to be burnt by the hands of the common hangman, at the foot of the ſtairs of the palace.

Paris A-la main, July 31.

Copies of an Arret of the parliament of Thoulouſe is handed about here, which condemns the Theſis ſupported at the convent of Cordeliers of that city. This Theſis is full of propoſitions contrary to the holy ſcriptures, and tends to raiſe diſputes in the province. The Cordeliers of the convent of Paris diſavow this Theſis.

The parliament will this day iſſue an arret for burning by the hands of the common hangman, a writing in form of an exhortation, which was found in all the ſacrifices of the pariſhes of this city, whereby the faithful were exhorted to pray that the parliament might be brought out of the errors which it was pretended they ſupported.

Paris A-la-main, Auguſt 5.

Letters from Marſailles, Bourdeax, and the other mercantile ports, mention the briſkneſs of trade, & an extraordinary reſort of ſhipping, eſpecially from our American colonies.

On the 1ſt, the dauphin, at his return to Verſailles felt ſome Symptoms of a fever, which continued, with variations, 'till yeſterday, when the phyſicians apprehending the Small-pox, adminiſter'd medicaments to promote an eruption, and their prognoſtic is confirmed, by the appearance of ſeveral poſtules. However, it is hoped that his good conſtitution and the preparatory remedies, will preſerve a life of ſuch infinite importance, and that the preſent univerſal conſternation will ſoon be changed into joy & thankſgiving.

On the firſt news of the dauphin's illneſs, the king came away poſt to Verſailles.

An academy of arts & ſciences & polite literature is juſt eſtabliſhed at Beſançon by his majeſty's letters patents. This ſociety is to conſiſt of 40 academicians, in which number ſhall always be included the governor of the province and the lieutenant general or commandant in his abſence, the archbiſhop of Beſançon, the firſt preſident of the parliament, and the intendant.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRANCE.

Paris, July 15. O.S. The 10th inſt. the chambers of the parliament being aſſembled, a warrant was iſſued for apprehending the ſieur Boutot, curate

of Defainvilliers in the dioceſe of Amiens, for ſeveral refuſals of the ſacraments, & of the communion in particular, in his church, ſince the year 1749, for injurious reflections in his ſermons on divers perſons, and for having refuſed to begin a proceſſion in Rogation week 'till one of thoſe perſons was turned out of the church. One of the members then aſſured the aſſembly, that ſince a writ of arreſt had been iſſued againſt the curate of Chamore in the dioceſe of Sens, no divine ſervice has been celebrated in that pariſh: upon which a charge was given to the attorney general and advocate general to inquire into this matter, and make report thereof to the parliament within a fortnight.

We don't hear what anſwer the king made to the attorney & advocate general, whom the parliament ſent to Compeigne above a week ſince, to make repreſentations about the publication of the biſhop of Amiens's letter to his majeſty: nevertheleſs it is ſaid, that they have made a very favourable report to the parliament; which we are apt to believe muſt be true, becauſe we ſee them continue to proſecute thoſe pariſhs who refuſe to adminiſter the ſacraments to perſons ſuſpected of Janſeniſm.

Several pieces have lately been publiſhed in defence of the cauſe of the prelates, and amongſt them the following letter to the king, ſigned by three archbiſhops and ſixteen biſhops.

SIRE,

WE cannot expreſs to your majeſty how much the truly faithful have been and ſtill are alarmed, nor can we deſcribe the grief of the biſhops, the exultation of the enemies of the church, and the aſtoniſhment of the whole kingdom, at the reſolution of your parliament of the 24th of April laſt.

That Tribunal has not ſpared to tell the world in the ſaid reſolution, that the archbiſhop of Paris dares to declare openly for a ſciſm: Magiſtrates, who cannot authentically learn but from us, what it is that conſtitutes a ſchiſm, and which are the ſteps that unhappily lead to it, have dared to bring ſo odious an accuſation againſt their father in Jeſus Chriſt, againſt the archbiſhop of the capital, againſt your own archbiſhop. And what plainly ſhews how far they are blinded by prejudice is, that they ſtigmatize this prelate as a ſchiſmatic, at the ſame time that by their ſentence or reſolution they forbid the branding of the doctrine of your ſubjects with this injurious epithet.

If this paſtor, the diſciple of him who laid down his life for his ſheep, more grieved than irritated to ſee part of his flock gone aſtray, oppoſes nothing to the outrage but his patience, his ſilence, and his charity; we, ſire, who foreſee what religion is likely to ſuffer from ſuch an inſult on the character & perſon of one of its moſt reſpectable members, can we diſpenſe with ourſelves from repreſenting to your majeſty the conſequences of ſo atrocious an imputation, which is propagated all over the kingdom, and will ſtand upon records in the parliament's regiſters?

What will the people think, and what will they do hereafter, if thoſe who appointed to keep them in ſubordination, give them an example of indocility; if they ſet up for cenſors and maſters of him whoſe principles they ought to be in the order of religion; and if they proceed ſo far as to attack the ſacred chair, which Jeſus Chriſt has immediately ſubjected them to; if they attempt to condemn and ſtigmatize their paſtor, whom they ought to honour and reſpect; & may they precipitate themſelves into the peril of ſchiſm, by accuſing him to be the fautor thereof?

Beſides, what a triumph is here afforded to libertiſm & free-thinkers, who being ever ready to ſhake off the yoke of religion, eagerly ſeize and improve the moſt trifling occaſions to cry down & revile the authority of its miniſters!

Frighted, as we ought to be, at the danger to which one of the moſt noble portions of the kingdom of Chriſt is expoſed, we recurr, ſire, with confidence to your majeſty. We are perſuaded, that your wiſdom and prudence will point out a ſpeedy remedy for ſo grievous an event. You may do it with a ſingle word, in ſuppreſſing and annulling that miſchievous reſolution of the parliament, and effacing it, by your ſovereign authority, the very remembrance, if poſſible, of ſo injurious a character.

This is what all the archbiſhops and biſhops, that are at hand at preſent their moſt humble ſupplications on this ſubject, have the honor to requeſt of you, ſire, with the greateſt earneſtneſs: 'tis what is demanded of you by the whole church of France, jointly attacked in the perſon of the prelate, whoſe zeal for the ſound doctrine, his immenſe charity, & his regularity in all his duties, have infinitely endeared him to them.

We are with the moſt profound reſpect and moſt humbleſt ſubmiſſion.

Your Majeſty's, &c.

Signed by the archbiſhops of Cambray, Aix and Thoulouze, the antient biſhop of Orange, the biſhop of Langres, Nitrie, Bayeux, Carcaſſone, Metz, Meaux, Bethlehem, Cahors, Troyes, Dijon, Perpignan, Traquier, Avranches, Chartres & Apt.

ITALY.

Turin, July 1. O.S. On the 25d ult. about five in the morning, a tradeſman who lives oppoſite to the houſe of count Sclarendi Spada, (lord keeper of the ſeals) was ſurprized, on opening his window, to ſee that noblemen lie dead in the ſtreet, his ſkull being fractured, and his body greatly bruiſed, &c. and finding hiis houſe ſhut up, immediately called up the ſervants, who were aſtoniſhed at the condition wherein they found their maſter. Different conjectures are formed on the cauſe of this accident. Some think that the count fell in his ſleep from his window into the ſtreet; others ſuppoſe the act was voluntary; but what gives room to the laſt ſuppoſition is, that he returned from court the preceeding day greatly chagrined, and immediately retired into his apartment, where he locked himſelf in, and that they did not ſee him from that time till they were witneſſes of the ſad cataſtrophe. On opening his chamber, nothing could be found to aſcertain how this unhappy accident happened, any farther than that the count had been in bed.

BANKRUPTS.

Pearſon Petit, of London, merchant.

Abraham Leſtourgeon, & Joſeph Coyſgarne, late of London, merchants, chapmen and partners.

Ruth Abraham, of Monmouth ſtreet, in the pariſh of St. Giles in the Fields in the county of Middleſex, ſaleſwoman.

Thomas Rawlins, of the pariſh of St. Philip and Jacob in the county of Glouceſter, feltmaker and haberdaſher of hats.

The GRAND SPECIFICK
For cleanſing and ſtrengthening the Reins, &c.

A Medicine that hath gained ſo much credit for theſe many Years it has been publiſhed, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Caſe, has at all hindered the juſt Reputation this firſt, and only Specific for theſe Purpoſes, hath obtained, by its moſt noble Effects; for it do h not only cure ſuch difficult Caſes, which no other Medicine can, but in every ordinary Caſe, one Bottle well do more Good than four that are ſold by any of the Common Pretenders, as has been ſufficiently atteſted by many Perſons of Worth and Reputation, that have found the deſired Effects and declared it to Mr Sandwell

For it may certainly be depended on as abſolutely effectual, in carrying off by Urine, ſafely and ſpeedily, all the Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepared Mercurials, Gleets or Weakneſſes through tedious or ill-managed Cures of the Venereal Diſeaſe, or ſelf Pollution, inordinate Coition, &c Alſo any Weakneſſes of the Veſſels, from Wrenches, Strains, Blows, or Falls, and all other Obſtructions in the Urinary Paſſages, even Stranguries, Ulcers, &c.

It is alſo of ſingular and very extraordinary Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even ſmall Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obſtructs the Urine; bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes; and particularly by a Gentleman, whoſe Caſe has ſo often been mentioned in the Advertiſements by a Certificate of his Cure, who at taking a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an inſufportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a ſhort continuance of it.

It is a very pleaſant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reaſon of its being made public, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Caſes abovementioned

One Bottle in moſt Caſes, is ſufficient for a perfect Cure, as you will ſee by the Directions given with it. It is ſold for 7 s 6 d the Bottle at Mr Sandwell's Toyſhop, at the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry.

The uncommon Succeſs above Forty Years laſt paſt, of the ſo much-famed and only true Original

Royal Chymical WASH-BALL,

FOR beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands, hath induced many envious Perſons, not only in every Part of London, but in many Places in the Country to ſell a counterfeit white Ball, (which may prove prejudicial as well as ineffectual) in Imitation of the true one.

To prevent as much as poſſible any Miſtakes in Prejudice to our Cuſtomers we give this ſpecial Notice, That the true Sort are now ſold only by Mrs Wharton, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Bluecoat Boy, and Fan, near the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, and by Mrs Stephens a Milliner at the Sign of the Blue Ball near the Middle Temple Gate in Fleetſtreet. Price 1 s. each Ball, or 13 to the Dozen; but no Allowance for leſs than 12 Balls at a Time, nor will they ever be ſold any where elſe, except Notice be firſt given in theſe Advertiſements of it.

Their true and real Virtues have been ſufficiently atteſted in all the Years that they have been ſold by Publication, and the more ſo, as they are ſtill more than ever uſed and admired by both Sexes of the beſt Quality, and many Thouſands of Gentry and others, for making the Skin ſo delicately ſoft and ſmooth, as not to be paralleld by any Waſh or Waſhballs, or any Kind of Form; for theſe Balls are indeed real Beautifiers of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Tettera, Ringworms, Morphew, Sun burn, Scurf, Pimples, Pits or Redneſs of the Small Pox, and keeping it of a laſting and extreme Whiteneſs; they ſoon alter red or rough Hands, are admirable in ſhaving the Head, not only giving a moſt exquiſite Sharpneſs to the Razor, but ſo comfort the Brain and Nerves as to prevent catching Cold. They are of a grateful and pleaſant Smell, without the leaſt Grain of Mercury, and may be eaten for their Safety.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Diſeaſe, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is ſold only by the Proprietor, R ROCK, L. M. at his Chymiſt's Shops the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Inſtructions for each Perſon to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Phyſician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleaſant to take, is of a ſafe and gentle Nature, not operating violently, yet roots out the Diſeaſe; it requires not too ſtrict a Regimen of Diet, nor expoſes the Body to Injury from the Weather.

No Perſon need be apprehenſive of a Diſcovery of his Diſorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Buſineſs as uſual.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received ſome Taint from a Converſe with an impure Perſon, by taking a Diſe or two of this Electuary may have their Minds ſet at Eaſe, either by its ſhewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have eſcaped, and are ſafe; or, in caſe of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Diſcharge of the Virus, which otherwiſe would have lain lurking in them, and ſpreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doſes of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine leſs effectual in the Cure of ſome Species of the Rheumatiſm; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatiſm.

Perſons likewiſe of a Scrophulous, Scorbutic, or groſs Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleanſing, purifying, and ſweetening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonder towards their Cure.

Perſons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Diſeaſe, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take ſome of this Electuary and my plain Book of Inſtructions with them: They'll ſoon find the Benefit of ſo doing; and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an eaſy gentle Manner; is ſafe for Perſons of all Ages and both Sexes —— And the Proprietor, who has practiſed Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Cuſtomers all neceſſary Advice and Aſſiſtance to the Completion of their Cure.

He anſwers all Letters, Poſt paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Reſtoring Viper Drops, 3 s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING-OUT whatever. Price 1 s. 6 d. the Bottle.

Daffy's ELIXER 9 d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1 s. the Bottle.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

LONDON.

Yeſterday being the birth-day of her royal highneſs the princeſs Auguſta, eldeſt daughter of the late prince of Wales, when her royal highneſs entered into the 16th year of her age, and received the compliments of the nobility & gentry on the occaſion.

Her royal highneſs the princeſs Amelia ſets out for Bath on Thurſday next, orders being given by his majeſty's board of green cloth to make the proper preparations for her highneſs's journey by that time; and guards are alſo accordingly ordered to eſcort her highneſs on the road.

The right hon. the lord chancellor has appointed the firſt general ſeal to be held at Lincoln's-inn hall, before michaelmas term on Monday the 23d of October next.

And the ſecond general ſeal to be held on Thurſday the 2d of November next.

The lords of the admiralty have ordered about 400 ſeamen out of the guardſhips, &c. on board the Culloden and Duke man of war, in order to forward them for ſervice.

The lords of the admiralty have given orders for a ſloop of war to cruize on the coaſt of Suſſex againſt the ſmugglers, in concert with one already on that coaſt.

A conſiderable quantity of military ſtores, &c. are ordered for the Eaſt Indies, for the ſecurity of the company's ſettlements there.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight Mr. ſheriff Dickenſon very narrowly eſcaped being killed, as he was going with the lord mayor and court of aldermen to hold a court of conſervancy at Greenwich. The lord mayor's coach with ſix or ſeven more had croſſed the road at Stratford to go down to the water ſide; & as Mr. Dickenſon's chariot was croſſing, two waggons coming to London (although the ſheriff's coachman call'd out to the drivers ſeveral times to ſtop) jammed the chariot between them, and broke the axle tree and pole; but happily neither the ſheriff, nor any of his ſervants, received any hurt. We hear that Mr. Dickenſon is reſolved to proſecute the drivers for the aſſault, & the maſter of one of them for not having his name on the waggon, which by law he ſhould have.

We hear that the woman whoſe ſkull was broke by a blow given her by her husband, as mentioned in a former paper, notwithſtanding all poſſible care was taken of her at the London hoſpital, died laſt Tueſday afternoon.

A woman who lodged in windmill ſtreet, St. James's, had been for ſome time ſuppoſed, by another woman who lay with her, to be with child, which ſhe always denied; but laſt week, as ſhe was very much out of order, it was ſtrongly ſuſpected that ſhe had been delivered, tho' there was no appearance of the child; and as there was ſomething which ſeemed to be an after birth taken out of the neceſſary houſe, her delivery was no longer queſtioned, & a conſtable was ſent for to ſearch for the child. As the cruel mother was then ſenſible that ſhe muſt be detected, ſhe confeſſed where ſhe had put it, and it was accordingly found concealed in two band boxes, one within another, but without any marks of violence. Yeſterday ſe'nnight the coroner's inqueſt ſat on the body & brought in their verdict willful murder. The mother was ſent to the St. James's Infirmary, till ſhe is in a condition to be ſent to Jail.

Some days ago died at Feverſham in Kent, Mr. Hunt, the perſon who ſeized king James the ſecond, when he was going from the above place for France. Mr. Hunt was at that time a king's officer, and went on board the veſſel to ſearch after contraband goods, and finding ſome perſons on board who endeavoured to conceal themſelves, he ſeized them and ſearched all their pockets, and brought them from on board the veſſel to the town without knowing one of the company; but was greatly ſurprized and frightned, when he found who were his priſoners.

On Saturday laſt Merrick Burrell, Eſq; member of parliament for Great Marlow, and another gentleman, in a chariot, were attacked by a ſingle highwayman on Hounſlow Heath, who robbed them of about 50s. He was a ſhort man, well mounted, behaved very civilly & trembled very much.

On Tueſday laſt ſomebody found means to ſtep into the compting houſe of Mr. Harris, cornfactor, in Savage-garden, and take a key off a bunch which belonged to a beaufet up ſtairs, where the plate ſtood, which they carried off undiſcovered. The maid was below in the kitchin, & heard ſomebody go up ſtairs, but concluded it was one of the family.

Wedneſday afternoon, a ſoldier of the third regiment of foot guards, was committed to the Gatehouſe by Thomas Lediard, Eſq; for raviſhing his landlady's daughter, a child between eight and nine years old, and giving her the foul diſeaſe.

On Monday night about ten o'clock, a villain went into the baptiſt head the corner of Aldermanbury, & ſnatched from the bar a quart ſilver tankard with which he got clear off.

On Monday evening a gentleman ſharper went to the houſe of one Mrs. Wiggs, in chapel ſtreet St. Anne's, and made enquiry after a French gentlewoman, who lodged there, and told her ſervant that he had brought a meſſage from France, but he would not deliver it to any but her miſtreſs; ſhe went to call her miſtreſs, in the mean while he found means to take a gold watch, and made off before her return.

On Tueſday night a woman was taken in Wood's Cloſe, & ſecured in Clerkenwell bridewell, on ſuſpicion of being concerned in robbing the Staffordſhire pack horſes.

Laſt Saturday the aſſizes ended at guildford for the county of Surry, when Robert Lane, for horſe-ſtealing, was the only one capitally convicted, & received ſentence of death.

Early on Wedneſday morning the priſoners at the Gatehouſe endeavoured to eſcape by breaking thro' the gateway going into Tothill ſtreet; they had worked out a large ſtone, when a man coming thro' the gate, ſaw the rubbiſh fall, and ſuſpecting the occaſion, alarm'd the keepers; however they refuſed to ſubmit, 'till a guard of ſoldiers were ſent for; and Thomas Lediard, Eſq; going with them, they were all ſecured, and eight of them were ſent ſtrongly guarded to Newgate.

Laſt week a large cheſt was ſeized at Sunderland by a cuſtom houſe officer, containing pontifical veſtments, Agnus Dei, Medals, &c. which are ſtopt till the hon. commiſſioners determine what is to be done with them.

Laſt Sunday evening 18 children, two of which were Twins, were publicly baptized in the chapel room of the city of London Lying-in hoſpital, at Shaftesbury houſe in Aldgate-ſtreet, in the preſence of ſeveral governors and other gentlemen and ladies, when a handſome collection was made towards the ſuppo t of that uſeful charity.

Laſt Week one Mr. Cameron arrived in town from Air in Scotland, a Man of 105 years of age, being born in the year 1647, at the town of Air. He came up here to put an end to a law ſuit which has been long in agitation. Such is his vigor and bodily ſtrength, that even now he can walk four miles upon a ſtretch, with great eaſe, in little more than an hour's time. He was engaged with the duke of Monmouth, in his rebellion againſt James the IId. He afterwards ſerved as a voluntier in the cameronian regiment, which was compoſed of covenanted presbyterians, & fought againſt lord Dundee at the time of the revolution, where the lord risked a battle for the abdicated monarch, and in this engagement he killed four troopers with his own hand, He has liv'd to ſee eight ſovereigns upon the Britiſh throne, and four rebellions; in all which, except the laſt, he was active, & is ſtill ſtedfaſt to the preſent eſtabliſhment.

By letters from Hanover we find, that the court is firmly reſolved to maintain its right to the principality of Eaſt Frieſland, by all ſuch methods as may be found moſt convenient or legal.

By ſeveral perſons who have lately come from India, we are informed that M. Duplieux, is building a palace there, which will coſt a million ſterling; and ſeems as if he had no intent to viſit his native country, having amaſſed ſeveral millions ſince his being in India.

Our Correſpondent at Paris aſſures us, That the king will receive no farther remonſtrances while he is at Compeigne; that the miniſters are much alarmed at the retreat of many thouſands of families out of Languedoc, & have ordered guads to be poſted on the frontiers; & that it is whiſpered the new miniſter ſent to Berlin is charged with a very important commiſſion.

We have advice from Paris of the failure of a very great Banker of that city; which may effect many people in Europe.

By many private letters by the laſt French mail, there is advice, that the ſmall pox, with which the dauphin of France was attacked, was a very bad ſort, and that his life was thought to be in danger.

Letters from Bruſſels ſay, that the Britiſh court made repreſentations about the late ordinance which forbids the importation and ſale of foreign hats in the Auſtrian Netherlands, & that they expect the French court will ſpeedily do the ſame; but they don't tell us whether the court of Bruſſels will comply with their demands.

From Petersburgh we hear, that M. Swart, the Dutch envoy extraordinary, has lately had ſeveral conferences with the board of trade, about facilitating the commerce of timber carried on in the ports of the Ruſſian empire, by the ſubjects of the United Provinces. Upon the repreſentation of the magiſtrates of the ſea ports, the empreſs has ordered the Seamen regiſtered for the ſervice of her navy, to be quartered in a method leſs burthenſome to the public.

Letters from Genoa, by the way of Scaffhauſen, inform us of the concluſion of a new treaty between the crown of France & that Republic, but are quite ſilent as to the nature of it; ſo that it may relate to the ſale of Corſica, for aught we to know to the contrary.

On Tueſday a great match at cricket was played at Streatuam, between 11 gentlemen of that place, and eleven of Wandſworth, for a conſiderable ſum of money, which was won by the former, who had three hands to go in.

From the Paris A-la-main, July 28.

The parliament, by an arret of the 22d, has ſuppreſſed three writings, the firſt entitled, "A petition of the ſub farmers of the king's dominions, for demanding that the certificates of confeſſion ſhould be ſubject to controul." The ſecond, "A letter to the biſhop of ——, upon the affair of the parliament, in relation to the refuſal of the ſacraments." And the third, "An anſwer to the letter of the archbiſhop of —— to Mr. —— counſellor in parliament." The firſt of which was ſentenced to be burnt by the hands of the common hangman, at the foot of the ſtairs of the palace.

Paris A-la-main, July 31.

Copies of an Arret of the parliament of Thoulouſe is handed about here, which condemns the Theſis ſupported at the convent of Cordeliers of that city. This Theſis is full of propoſitions contrary to the holy ſcriptures, and tends to raiſe diſputes in the province. The Cordeliers of the convent of Paris diſavow this Theſis.

The parliament will this day iſſue an arret for burning by the hands of the common hangman, a writing in form of an exhortation, which was found in all the ſacrifices of the pariſhes of this city, whereby the faithful were exhorted to pray that the parliament might be brought out of the errors which it was pretended they ſupported.

Paris A-la-main, Auguſt 5.

Letters from Marſailles, Bourdeax, and the other mercantile ports, mention the briſkneſs of trade, & an extraordinary reſort of ſhipping, eſpecially from our American colonies.

On the 1ſt, the dauphin, at his return to Verſailles felt ſome Symptoms of a fever, which continued, with variations, 'till yeſterday, when the phyſicians apprehending the Small-pox, adminiſter'd medicaments to promote an eruption, and their prognoſtic is confirmed, by the appearance of ſeveral puſtules. However, it is hoped that his good conſtitution and the preparatory remedies, will preſerve a life of ſuch infinite importance, and that the preſent univerſal conſternation will ſoon be changed into joy & thankſgiving.

On the firſt news of the dauphin's illneſs, the king came away poſt to Verſailles.

An academy of arts & ſciences & polite literature is juſt eſtabliſhed at Beſançon by his majeſty's letters patents. This ſociety is to conſiſt of 40 academicians, in which number ſhall always be included the governor of the province and the lieutenant general or commandant in his abſence, the archbiſhop of Beſançon, the firſt preſident of the parliament, and the intendant.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRANCE.

Paris, July 15. O.S. The 10th inſt. the chambers of the parliament being aſſembled, a warrant was iſſued for apprehending the ſieur Boutot, curate

of Defainvilliers in the dioceſe of Amiens, for ſeveral refuſals of the ſacraments, & of the communion in particular, in his church, ſince the year 1749, for injurious reflections in his ſermons on divers perſons, and for having refuſed to begin a proceſſion in Rogation week 'till one of thoſe perſons was turned out of the church. One of the members then aſſured the aſſembly, that ſince a writ of arreſt had been iſſued againſt the curate of Chamore in the dioceſe of Sens, no divine ſervice has been celebrated in that parith: upon which a charge was given to the attorney general and advocate general to inquire into this manner, and make report thereof to the parliament within a fortnight.

We don't hear what anſwer the king made to the attorney & advocate general, whom the parliament ſent to Compeigne above a week ſince, to make repreſentations about the publication of the biſhop of Amiens's letter to his majeſty: nevertheleſs it is ſaid, that they have made a very favourable report to the parliament; which we are apt to believe muſt be true, becauſe we ſee them continue to proſecute thoſe biſhops who refuſe to adminiſter the ſacraments to perſons ſuſpected of Janſeniſm.

Several pieces have lately been publiſhed in defence of the cauſe of the prelates, and amongſt them the following letter to the king, ſigned by three archbiſhops and ſixteen biſhops.

SIRE,

WE cannot expreſs to your majeſty how much the truly faithful have been and ſtill are alarmed, nor can we deſcribe the grief of the biſhops, the exultation of the enemies of the church, and the aſtoniſhment of the whole kingdom, at the reſolution of your parliament of the 24th of April laſt.

That Tribunal has not ſpared to tell the world in the ſaid reſolution, that the archbiſhop of Paris dares to declare openly for a ſciſm: Magiſtrates, who cannot authentically learn but from us, what it is that conſtitutes a ſchiſm, and which are the ſteps that unhappily lead to it, have dared to bring ſo odious an accuſation againſt their father in Jeſus Chriſt, againſt the archbiſhop of the capital, againſt your own archbiſhop. And what plainly ſhews how far they are blinded by prejudice is, that they ſtigmatize this prelate as a ſchiſmatic, at the ſame time that by their law or reſolution they forbid the branding of the leaſt of your ſubjects with this injurious epithet.

If this paſtor, the diſciple of him who laid down his life for his ſheep, more grieved than irreated to ſee part of his flock gone aſtray, oppoſes nothing to the outrage but his patience, his ſilence, and his tears; we, ſire, who foreſee what religion is likely to ſuffer from ſuch an inſult on the character & perſon of one of its moſt reſpectable members, can we diſpenſe with ourſelves from repreſenting to your majeſty the conſequences of ſo atrocious an imputation, which is propagated all over the kingdom, and lands upon records in the parliament's regiſters?

What will the people think, and what will they reflect hereafter, if thoſe who appointed to keep them in ſubordination, give them an example of indocility; if they ſet up for cenſors and maſters of him whoſe disciples they ought to be in the order of religion; and if they proceed ſo far as to attack the ſacred chair, which Jeſus Chriſt has immediately ſubjected them to; if they attempt to condemn and ſtigmatize their paſtor, whom they ought to honour and reſpect; & they precipitate themſelves into the peril of ſchiſm, in accuſing him to be the fautor thereof?

Beſides, what a triumph is here afforded to libertine & free-thinkers, who being ever ready to ſhake off the yoke of religion, eagerly ſeize and improve the moſt trifling occaſions to cry down & revile the authority of its miniſters!

Frighted, as we ought to be, at the danger to which one of the moſt noble portions of the kingdom of Chriſt is expoſed, we recurr, ſire, with confidence to your majeſty. We are perſuaded, that your wiſdom and prudence will point out a ſpeedy remedy for ſo grievous an event. You may do it with a ſingle word, in ſuppreſſing and annulling that miſchievous reſolution of the parliament, and effacing, by your ſovereign authority, the very remembrance, if poſſible, of ſo injurious a character.

This is what all the archbiſhops and biſhops, that are at hand at preſent their moſt humble ſupplications on this ſubject, have the honor to requeſt of you, ſire, with the greateſt earneſtneſs: 'tis what is demanded of you by the whole church of France, jointly attacked in the perſon of the prelate, whoſe zeal for the found doctrine, his immenſe charity, & his regularity in all his duties, have infinitely endeared him to them.

We are with the moſt profound reſpect and moſt perfect ſubmiſſion.

Your Majeſty's, &c.

Signed by the archbiſhops of Cambray, Aix and Thoulouze, the antient biſhop of Orange, the biſhop of Langres, Nitrie, Bayeux, Carcaſſone, Metz, Meaux, Bethlehem, Cahors, Troyes, Dijon, Perpignan, Traquier, Avranches, Chartres & Apt.

ITALY.

Turin, July 1. O.S. On the 25d ult. about five in the morning, a tradeſman who lives oppoſite to the houſe of count Sclarendi Spada, (lord keeper of the ſeals) was ſurprized, on opening his window, to ſee that noblemen lie dead in the ſtreet, his ſkull being fractured, and his body greatly bruiſed, &c. and finding hiis houſe ſhut up, immediately called up the ſervants, who were aſtoniſhed at the condition wherein they found their maſter. Different conjectures are formed on the cauſe of this accident. Some think that the count fell in his ſleep from his window into the ſtreet; others ſuppoſe the act was voluntary; but what gives room to the laſt ſuppoſition is, that he returned from court the preceeding day greatly chagrined, and immediately retired into his apartment, where he locked himſelf in, and that they did not ſee him from that time till they were witneſſes of the ſad cataſtrophe. On opening his chamber, nothing could be found to aſcertain how this unhappy accident happened, any farther than that the count had been in bed.

BANKRUPTS.

Pearſon Petit, of London, merchant.

Abraham Leſtourgeon, & Joſeph Coyſgarne, late of London, merchants, chapmen and partners.

Ruth Abraham, of Monmouth ſtreet, in the pariſh of St. Giles in the Fields in the county of Middleſex, ſaleſwoman.

Thomas Rawlins, of the pariſh of St. Philip and Jacob in the county of Glouceſter, feltmaker and haberdaſher of hats.

The GRAND SPECIFICK
For cleanſing and ſtrengthening the Reins, &c.

A Medicine that hath gained ſo much Credit for theſe many Years it has been publiſhed, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Caſe, has at all hindered the juſt Reputation this firſt, and only ſpecific for theſe Purpoſes, hath obtained, by its moſt noble Effects; for it doth not only cure ſuch difficult Caſes, which no other Medicine can, but in every ordinary Caſe, one Bottle well do more Good than four that are ſold by any of the Common Pretenders, as has been ſufficiently atteſted by many Perſons of Worth and Reputation, that have found the deſired Effects and declared it to Mr Sandwell

For it may certainly be depended on as abſolutely effectual, in carrying off by Urine, ſafely and ſpeedily, all the Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepared Mercurials, Gleets or Weakneſſes through tedious or ill-managed Cures of the Venereal Diſeaſe, or ſelf Pollution, inordinate Coition, &c Alſo any Weakneſſes of the Veſſels, from Wrenches, Strains, Blows, or Falls, and all other Obſtructions in the Urinary Paſſages, even Stranguries, Ulcers, &c.

It is alſo of ſingular and very extraordinary Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even ſmall Stones, Slime, or any other matter that obſtructs the Urine; bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes; and particularly by a Gentleman, whoſe Caſe has ſo often been mentioned in the Advertiſements by a Certificate of his Cure, who at taking a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an inſufportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a ſhort continuance of it.

It is a very pleaſant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reaſon of its being made public, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Caſes abovementioned

One Bottle in moſt Caſes, is ſufficient for a perfect Cure, as you will ſee by the Directions given with it. It is ſold for 7 s 6 d the Bottle at Mr Sandwell's Toyſhop, at the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry

The uncommon Succeſs above Forty Years laſt paſt, of the ſo much-famed and only true Original

Royal Chymical WASH-BALL,

FOR beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands, hath induced many envious Perſons, not only in every Part of London, but in many Places in the Country to ſell a counterfeit white Ball, (which may prove prejudicial as well as ineffectual) in Imitation of the true one.

To prevent as much as poſſible any Miſtakes in Prejudice to our Cuſtomers we give this ſpecial Notice, That the true Sort are now ſold only by Mrs Wharton, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Bluecoat Boy, and Fan, near the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, and by Mrs Stephens a Milliner at the Sign of the Blue Ball near the Middle Temple Gate in Fleetſtreet. Price 1 s. each Ball, or 13 to the Dozen; but no Allowance for leſs than 12 Balls at a Time, nor will they ever be ſold any where elſe, except Notice be firſt given in theſe Advertiſements of it

Their true and real Virtues have been ſufficiently atteſted in all the Years that they have been ſold by Publication, and the more ſo, as they are ſtill more than ever uſed and admired by both Sexes of the beſt Quality, and many Thouſands of Gentry and others, for making the Skin ſo delicately ſoft and ſmooth, as not to be paralleld by any Waſh or Waſh-balls, or any Kind of Form; for theſe Balls are indeed real Beautifiers of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Tetters, Rings worms, Morphew, Sun burn, Scurf, Pimples, Pits or Redneſs of the Small Pox, and keeping it of a laſting and extreme Whiteneſs; they ſoon alter red or rough Hands, are admirable in ſhaving the Head, not only giving a moſt exquiſite Sharpneſs to the Razor, but ſo comfort the Brain and Nerves as to prevent catching Cold. They are of a grateful and pleaſant Smell, without the leaſt Grain of Mercury, and may be eaten for their Safety.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Diſeaſe, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is ſold only by the Proprietor, R ROCK, L. M. at his Chymiſt's Shop, the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Inſtructions for each Perſon to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Phyſician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleaſant to take, is of a ſafe and gentle Nature, nor operating violently, yet roots out the Diſeaſe; it requires not too ſtrict a Regimen of Diet, nor expoſes the Body to Injury from the Weather.

No Perſon need be apprehenſive of a Diſcovery of his Diſorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Buſineſs as uſual.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received ſome Taint from a Converſe with an impure Perſon, by taking a Diſh or two of this Electuary may have their Minds eaſe at Reſt, either by its ſhewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have eſcaped, and are ſafe; or, in caſe of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Diſcharge of the Virus, which otherwiſe would have lain lurking in them, and ſpreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doſes of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine leſs effectual in the Cure of ſome Species of the Rheumatiſm; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatiſm.

Perſons likewiſe of a Scrophulous, Scorbutic, or groſs Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleanſing, purifying, and ſoftening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonder towards their Cure.

Perſons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Diſeaſe, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take ſome of this Electuary and my plain Book of Inſtructions with them: They'll ſoon find the Benefit of ſo doing, and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an eaſy gentle Manner; is ſafe for Perſons of all Ages and both Sexes —— And the Proprietor, who has practiſed Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Cuſtomers all neceſſary Advice and Aſſiſtance to the Completion of their Cure.

He anſwers all Letters, Poſt paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Reſtoring Viper Drops, 3 s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING-OUT whatever. Price 1 s 6 d. the Bottle.

Daffy's ELIXER 9 d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1 s. the Bottle.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very best Method and Medicines, than Gleets, Seminal Weaknesses and Seminal Weaknesses, whether arising from too frequent purging for Venereal Injuries, Gonorrhœa Virulenta, or any other Cause whatsoever; and that they are frequently Incurable, as well as difficult to cure, is an certain Truth, occasioned by weakning the Generative Faculties, infeebling the Nervous System, often ending in Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, Impotency, Scurvy, Scrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All those therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Gleets, Seminal Weaknesses, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Disorder, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, may now be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, in the most speedy way, by the taking only a small Quantity of Dr. Anderson's Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for general good, after having for many Years in private Practice been found never once to fail of perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleets, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, almost instantly cures, bringing in rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is wonderfully Restorative to all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it do more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprized at it.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy that so many Practitioners in Town and Country, send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon, in those Cases.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of these difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be compleat Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with proceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Venereal Disease is intirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.

DR. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice of above thirty Years, does recommend his most Noble Cleansing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thousands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World,

For Gleets and Weaknesses,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Destroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from all cur'd Venereal Infections (that which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, or Self-Pollution (that curfed School Wickedness, which spoils all our Youth, by nipping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emissions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which drain, and dry up, the Seminals, and wither, as it were, the Generative Faculties, causing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenness in Women, (or but a weakly, sickly Offspring if any) and in the long Run (by impoverishing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Consumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleasant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpose; for let the Imbecility be ever so great, or of ever so long standing, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Vessels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nourishing, and replenishing the Reins and Seminals, and strengthning and restoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much soever weakned rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed which before was thin, watersh, or yellowish, and consequently insufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Disorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or smarting, or foul, slimy, thready, greasy or stinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Strangury, or a Venereal Caute are likewise speedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as strongly, and yet brought away as freely, easily, full stream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5s. a Bottle. Prepared by the abovesaid Author, and sold only) sealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbett's Bookseller, at Addison's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church Fleet-street, and by Henry Cook, under the Royal-Exchange, 8 for a 5s. Bottle of Elixir.

The So much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Vapours* in Women, (so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, four Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flutting Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs, at other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these fomous fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specifics in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell and at the same time annihilate their very Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thro roughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE shorteit, safe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the slightest Infection to the most inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleasant to take, and as easy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; so that the unfortunate Patient gets suddenly and surprizingly well, without Distaste to his Palate, the least Disorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now so well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth used to say would totally extirpate the Venereal Disease from the Face of the Earth, were it but universally known, and properly taken. Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it presently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a safe, gentle, and pleasant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Persons, in all Cases where Purging is necessary; nor can the deepest Scurvy, Rheumatism, Gout, Evil, or Leprosy, stand before it, but are pleasantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the highest and most inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Disease; which, with all its most raging Symptoms, it soon eradicates, restoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Those who once take it, will never have Recourse to any Thing else. One Pot in most Cases is sufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by which all Persons may fully understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answered unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning; which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wish'd for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attennuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Sreadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralatick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Difference whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again; as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced; and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often dies conceal's and the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all othe. Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reforative, strengthen and cleanse the whole Machine, and as long as taken, make the Person pleasantly sightsome brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which the Author's special Appointment are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY *or* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occasioned, by* Pollutio sui, *Seminal Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Callousness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Inestimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling; opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by rash living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it self.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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